Regency Affiliates, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

Regency Affiliates, Inc. and Subsidiaries Index to the Financial Statements

	Page Page
Independent Accountant's Review Report	1
Financial Statements	
Consolidated Balance Sheets	2
Consolidated Statements of Income	3
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity	4
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	5-6
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	7-24



ROSENBERG RICH BAKER BERMAN & COMPANY

265 Davidson Avenue, Suite 210 • Somerset, NJ 08873-4120 • PHONE 908-231-1000 • FAX 908-231-6894 111 Dunnell Road, Suite 100 • Maplewood, NJ 07040 • PHONE 973-763-6363 • FAX 973-763-4430

Independent Accountant's Review Report

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Regency Affiliates, Inc. and Subsidiaries

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Regency Affiliates, Inc. and Subsidiaries, which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the related consolidated statements of income, changes in equity, and cash flows for the six months then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements. A review includes primarily applying analytical procedures to management's financial data and making inquiries of Company management. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error.

Accountant's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to conduct the review in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services promulgated by the Accounting and Review Services Committee of the AICPA. Those standards require us to perform procedures to obtain limited assurance as a basis for reporting whether we are aware of any material modifications that should be made to the consolidated financial statements for them to be in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We believe that the results of our procedures provide a reasonable basis for our report.

Accountant's Conclusion

Based on our reviews, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying consolidated financial statements in order for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Rosenberg Rich Baker Berman & Company

Somerset, New Jersey February 16, 2017 www.rrbb.com

Regency Affiliates, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheets

Assets20162015AssetsCurrent Assets\$ 5,382,766\$ 8,139,3Cash and cash equivalents\$ 5,382,766\$ 8,139,3Restricted cash312,123Prepaid expenses376,973257,9Prepaid insurance119,32825,00Prepaid income taxes305,265385,9Rent receivable-16,5Inventory5,700-Total Current Assets6,502,1558,824,7Real EstateSelf-storage properties35,063,771	- 33 00 14 00 -
Current Assets\$ 5,382,766\$ 8,139,3Cash and cash equivalents\$ 5,382,766\$ 8,139,3Restricted cash312,123312,123Prepaid expenses376,973257,9Prepaid insurance119,32825,0Prepaid income taxes305,265385,9Rent receivable-16,5Inventory5,700-Total Current Assets6,502,1558,824,7Real EstateSelf-storage properties35,063,771	- 33 00 14 00 -
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 5,382,766 \$ 8,139,3 Restricted cash 312,123 312,123 Prepaid expenses 376,973 257,9 Prepaid insurance 119,328 25,0 Prepaid income taxes 305,265 385,9 Rent receivable - 16,5 Inventory <u>5,700</u>	- 33 00 14 00 -
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 5,382,766 \$ 8,139,3 Restricted cash 312,123 312,123 Prepaid expenses 376,973 257,9 Prepaid insurance 119,328 25,0 Prepaid income taxes 305,265 385,9 Rent receivable - 16,5 Inventory <u>5,700</u>	- 33 00 14 00 -
Restricted cash312,123Prepaid expenses376,973257,9Prepaid insurance119,32825,0Prepaid income taxes305,265385,9Rent receivable-16,5Inventory5,700-Total Current Assets6,502,1558,824,7Real EstateSelf-storage properties35,063,771	- 33 00 14 00 -
Prepaid expenses376,973257,9Prepaid insurance119,32825,0Prepaid income taxes305,265385,9Rent receivable-16,5Inventory5,700-Total Current Assets6,502,1558,824,7Real EstateSelf-storage properties35,063,771)0 4 0
Prepaid insurance119,32825,0Prepaid income taxes305,265385,9Rent receivable-16,5Inventory5,700-Total Current Assets6,502,1558,824,7Real Estate35,063,771-)0 4 0
Prepaid income taxes305,265385,9Rent receivable-16,5Inventory5,700-Total Current Assets6,502,1558,824,7Real EstateSelf-storage properties35,063,771	4)0 -
Rent receivable-16,5Inventory5,700-Total Current Assets6,502,1558,824,7Real Estate Self-storage properties35,063,771	00
Inventory5,700Total Current Assets6,502,155Real Estate8,824,7Self-storage properties35,063,771	-
Total Current Assets6,502,1558,824,7Real Estate Self-storage properties35,063,771)3 - - -
Self-storage properties 35,063,771	- - -
Self-storage properties 35,063,771	- - -
	-
Less accumulated depreciation (161,292)	-
34,902,479	
Property, plant, and equipment, net 24,177 1,0	21
Investment in partnerships / LLC 34,055,524 29,924,1	1
Prepaid insurance, net of current portion513,100Other assets204,3603,0	-
Total Assets \$ 76,201,795 \$ 38,752,9	0
Liabilities and Equity	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$ 715,225 \$ 95,3	38
Deferred revenue 136,562	-
Deferred rent 51,448	-
Income taxes payable - 15,0)0
Dividends payable 280,716 202,3	21
Tenant security deposits 10,326	-
Preferred Series D redemptions payable 25,5	
Total Current Liabilities1,194,277338,2	.9
Mortgage note payable 25,250,000	-
Total Liabilities 26,444,277 338,2	9
Equity	
Serial preferred stock, par value \$0.10; 2,000,000 shares	
authorized; -0- shares issued and outstanding -	-
Common stock, par value \$0.01; 8,000,000 shares authorized;	
4,778,144 and 3,678,559 issued and outstanding, respectively 47,781 36,7	36
Additional paid in capital 13,947,848 5,057,1	<i>)</i> 6
Retained earnings 35,690,332 33,320,7	
Shareholders' Equity 49,685,961 38,414,7	
Noncontrolling Interest 71,557	-
Total Equity 49,757,518 38,414,7	37
Total Liabilities and Equity \$	56

See independent accountant's review report and accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements. 2

Regency Affiliates, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Income

		Six Months Ended June 30,			
	-	2016	2015		
D					
Revenue Rental	\$	624,576	3,000		
Insurance, late fees and other income	φ	40,409	5,000		
Retail		1,405	-		
	-	<u> </u>			
Total Revenue	-	666,390	3,000		
Operating Expenses					
Self-storage cost of operations		221,117	-		
Self-storage depreciation expense		161,292	-		
General and administrative expenses		1,288,022	559,628		
	-				
Total Operating Expenses	-	1,694,453	559,628		
Loss from Operations		(1,004,041)	(556,628)		
	-	(1,004,041)	(550,028)		
Other Income (Expense)					
Acquisition costs		(1,424,744)	-		
Income from equity investment in partnerships / LLC		3,104,980	2,493,755		
License agreement income		26,523	-		
Interest income		2,518	43		
Interest expense	-	(249,975)	-		
Total Other Income	_	1,459,302	2,493,798		
Net Income Before Income Taxes		455,261	1,937,170		
Income Tax Expense		126,816	347,250		
	-	120,010	577,230		
Net Income		328,445	1,589,920		
Net Loss Allocated to Noncontrolling Equity Interest	-	(278,443)			
Net Income Allocated to Shareholders	\$	606,888 \$	1,589,920		

Regency Affiliates, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity For the Year Ended December 31, 2015 and the Six Months Ended June 30, 2016

					Additional				
	Preferred	Stock	Common	Stock	Paid in	Retained	Shareholders'	Noncontrolling	Total
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Capital	Earnings	Equity	Interest	Equity
Balance - January 1, 2015	- \$	-	3,628,559 \$	36,286 \$	4,912,696 \$	32,132,727 \$	37,081,709	5 - \$	37,081,709
Common stock options exercised	-	-	50,000	500	144,500	-	145,000	-	145,000
Cash dividends paid	-	-	-	-	-	(618,007)	(618,007)	-	(618,007)
Cash dividends declared	-	-	-	-	-	(216,115)	(216,115)	-	(216,115)
Net income	<u> </u>		<u> </u>			4,282,901	4,282,901		4,282,901
Balance - December 31, 2015	-	-	3,678,559	36,786	5,057,196	35,581,506	40,675,488	-	40,675,488
Cashless exercise of common stock options	-	-	20,952	209	(209)	-	-	-	-
Common stock issued through private placement offering	-	-	1,078,633	10,786	8,887,936	-	8,898,722	-	8,898,722
Contribution by noncontrolling interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	350,000	350,000
Stock options compensation expense	-	-	-	-	2,925	-	2,925	-	2,925
Cash dividends paid	-	-	-	-	-	(217,346)	(217,346)	-	(217,346)
Cash dividends declared	-	-	-	-	-	(280,716)	(280,716)	-	(280,716)
Net income (loss)	<u> </u>		<u> </u>			606,888	606,888	(278,443)	328,445
Balance - June 30, 2016	\$	-	4,778,144 \$	47,781 \$	13,947,848 \$	37,440,098 \$	49,685,961	\$ 71,557 \$	49,757,518

Regency Affiliates, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

	Six Month	Six Months Ende		
	2016		2015	
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net income	\$ 328,445	\$	1,589,920	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in				
operating activities:				
Income from equity investment in partnerships / LLC	(3,104,980))	(2,493,755)	
Stock-based compensation	2,925		-	
Depreciation	161,943		1,036	
Bad debt expense	21,000		-	
Changes in assets and liabilities				
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	(265,739)		6,450	
(Increase) in prepaid insurance	(632,428)		(12,652)	
(Increase) in prepaid income taxes	(105,696)		(166,735)	
(Increase) in rent receivable	(1,500)		(3,000)	
(Increase) in inventory	(2,032)		-	
(Increase) in other assets	(182,731))	-	
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses	524,899		27,668	
Increase in deferred revenue	136,562		-	
Increase (decrease) in deferred rent	51,448		(2,954)	
(Decrease) in income taxes payable	(65,021))	(170,146)	
Increase in tenant security deposits	30		-	
Net cash used in operating activities	(3,132,875))	(1,224,168)	
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Distribution of earnings from partnership	1,500,000		1,400,000	
Cash paid for acquisition	(9,750,000))	-	
Additional deposits to restricted cash	(312,123)		_	
Purchases of fixed assets	(24,828)		_	
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(8,586,951)		1,400,000	
Not eash (used in) provided by investing activities	(0,500,751)	<u> </u>	1,400,000	
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Proceeds from exercise of common stock options	-		145,000	
Proceeds from private placement common stock offering	8,898,722		-	
Contribution by noncontrolling interest	350,000		-	
Dividends paid to common shareholders	(433,461))	(399,142)	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	8,815,261		(254,142)	
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(2,904,565))	(78,310)	
Cash and cash equivalents – beginning	8,287,331	, 	8,217,616	
· · · ·	\$ 5,382,766	\$	8,139,306	
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:				
Cash paid during the period for:	147046	¢		
Interest \$	147,246	\$	-	
Income taxes \$	317,198	<u>э</u>	694,981	

Regency Affiliates, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (continued)

	Six Months Ended June 30,				
	_	2016		2015	
Schedule of Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities:					
Common stock dividends declared	\$	280,716	\$	202,321	
Cashless exercise of stock options	\$	209	\$	-	
Mortgage note payable to finance acquisition of			.		
Harrisburg Holdings investment	\$ _	25,250,000	- \$	-	

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements are presented on an accrual basis in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP") as defined in the Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification ("the Codification"). Certain amounts previously reported in our 2015 financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the 2016 presentation.

Nature of Operations

Regency invests in assets that generate attractive, predictable and sustainable returns on capital. The Company's objective is to generate long term value for its shareholders. Management seeks sound investment opportunities to meet its business characteristics and valuation criteria.

The Company holds a limited partnership interest in Security Land and Development Company Limited Partnership ("Security Land"), which owns and operates 34.3 acres of land and rental property of approximately 717,000 square feet in Woodlawn, Maryland, which is occupied by the United States Social Security Administration's Office of Disability and International Operations. In November 2000, the Company acquired a 5% limited partnership interest in 1500 Woodlawn Limited Partnership, the general partner of Security Land. Also, refer to Note 2, "Investment in Security Land and Development Company Limited Partnership," for additional information.

In addition, Regency Power Corporation ("Regency Power", 100% owned subsidiary of the Company) owns a 50% interest in MESC Capital, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("MESC Capital"). MESC Capital owns a 100% interest in Mobile Energy Services Company, LLC, an Alabama limited liability company ("Mobile Energy"), which owns an on-site energy facility that supplies steam and electricity to a Kimberly-Clark tissue mill in Mobile, Alabama. Also, refer to Note 3, "Investment in MESC Capital LLC," for additional information.

In April 2016, Regency formed a new, wholly owned subsidiary, RSS Investments LLC ("RSS"). RSS entered into a joint-venture, acquiring a majority ownership (80%) of SSCP Harrisburg Holdings, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Harrisburg Holdings"). Harrisburg Holdings is the sole member of SSCP Harrisburg Intermediate Holdings, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Intermediate Holdings"). Simultaneously with RSS's investment in Harrisburg Holdings, Harrisburg Intermediate Holdings acquired a portfolio of five self-storage facilities in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania. Refer to Note 4, "Acquisition of SSCP Harrisburg Holdings, LLC," for additional information. Through our controlling interest of SSCP Harrisburg Holdings, LLC, we are focused on the ownership, operation, and acquisition of self storage properties located within the Harrisburg, Pennsylvania area.

Principles of Consolidation

These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Regency Affiliates, Inc. (the "Company"), and its wholly owned subsidiaries, Regency Power, Inc. and RSS Investments LLC. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Noncontrolling Interest

The Company consolidates its 80% equity interest in Harrisburg Holdings and reports the remaining 20% interest by the third party as a noncontrolling interest on the consolidated balance sheet. At June 30, 2016 and 2015, the noncontrolling equity interest was \$71,557 and \$-0-, respectively. The net income or net loss of Harrisburg Holdings is allocated based on the ownership percentages on the consolidated statement of income. Harrisburg Holdings had a net loss of \$1,392,215 and \$-0- resulting in net loss attributable to the noncontrolling interest of \$278,443 and \$-0- for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents represent cash and short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. The Company places its cash and cash equivalents with high credit quality financial institutions that may exceed federally insured amounts at times.

Restricted Cash

The self-storage facilities hold escrow funds in money market trust accounts for real estate taxes, insurance and replacement reserves disbursements to be paid when due, pursuant to the terms of the bank financing agreement.

Inventory

Inventory consists of purchased finished goods and is valued at the lower of cost or market value using the first-in, first out (FIFO) valuation method.

Self Storage Properties

Self storage properties are carried at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. Major replacements and betterments, which improve or extend the life of an asset, are capitalized. Expenditures for ordinary repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred and are included in property operating expenses. Estimated depreciable lives of self storage properties are determined by considering the age and other indicators about the condition of the assets at the respective dates of acquisition, resulting in a range of estimated useful lives for assets within each category. All self storage property assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. Buildings and improvements are depreciated over estimated useful lives of 7 years.

When a self storage property is acquired in a business combination, the purchase price of the acquired self storage property is allocated to land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, customer inplace leases, assumed real estate leasehold interests, other assets acquired and liabilities assumed, based on the estimated fair value of each component. When a portfolio of self storage properties is acquired, the purchase price is allocated to the individual self storage properties based on the fair value determined using an income approach with appropriate risk-adjusted capitalization rates, which take into account the relative size, age and location of the individual self storage properties.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Self Storage Properties (continued)

These items consist of the following at June 30:

	2016		2015
Land	\$ 4,870,000	\$	-
Building and improvements	30,193,771		-
	35,063,771		-
Less: Accumulated depreciation	161,292		-
	\$ 34,902,479	_ \$	-

Depreciation expense was \$161,292 and \$- for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Customer In-place Leases

In allocating the purchase price for an acquisition accounted for as a business combination, the Company determines whether the acquisition includes intangible assets. The Company allocates a portion of the purchase price to an intangible asset attributed to the value of customer in-place leases. This intangible asset is amortized to expense using the straight-line method over 12 months, the estimated average rental period for our customers. Substantially all of the leases in place at acquired properties are at market rates, as the leases are month-to-month contracts. The Company evaluated this in the current year acquisitions and determined this amount was immaterial.

Acquisition Costs, Organizational and Offering Expenses

The Company incurs title, legal and consulting fees, and other costs associated with the completion of self storage property acquisitions. Such costs are included in acquisition costs in the accompanying statements of operations in the period in which they are incurred. The Company also incurs legal fees and filing fees in connection with the organization of the Company and its subsidiaries, which are charged to expense in the period incurred.

Commissions, legal fees and other costs that are directly associated with equity offerings are capitalized as deferred offering costs, pending a determination of the success of the offering. Deferred offering costs related to successful offerings are charged to equity in the period it is determined that the offering was successful. Deferred offering costs related to unsuccessful offerings are recorded as expense in the period when it is determined that the offering is unsuccessful. Other costs related to equity offerings, such as audit fees associated with the operations of our self storage properties for periods preceding the related contribution and formation transactions, are charged to expense in the period incurred.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment is carried at cost. Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful lives of the assets using the straight-line method as follows: buildings and improvements 39 years; machinery and equipment 7 years. Repairs and maintenance costs are expensed as incurred.

These items consist of the following at June 30:

		2016	_	2015
Machinery and equipment	\$	36,580	\$	11,752
Less: Accumulated depreciation	_	12,403	_	10,721
	\$	24,177	\$	1,031

Depreciation expense was \$651 and \$1,036 for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Investments in Partnerships / LLC

The Company uses the equity method of accounting for investments in equity securities in which it has more than a 20% interest, but does not have a controlling interest and is not the primary beneficiary. The Company uses the cost method of accounting for investments in equity securities in which it has a less than 20% equity interest and virtually no influence over the investee's operations. Investments owned over 50% with a controlling interest are consolidated within these financial statements.

Evaluation of Long Lived Assets

Long-lived assets are assessed for recoverability on an ongoing basis. In evaluating the fair value and future benefits of long-lived assets, their carrying value would be reduced by the excess, if any of the long-lived asset over management's estimate of the anticipated undiscounted future net cash flows of the related long-lived asset.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The fair values of cash, other current assets, accounts payable and accrued expenses approximate their carrying values because of the short maturity of these financial instruments.

Revenue and Expense Recognition

Management has determined that all of our leases are operating leases. Substantially all leases may be terminated on a month-to-month basis and rental income is recognized ratably over the lease term using the straight-line method. Rents received in advance are deferred and recognized on a straight-line basis over the related lease term associated with the prepayment. Promotional discounts and other incentives are recognized as a reduction to rental income over the applicable lease term. Other property-related revenue consists of ancillary revenues such as tenant insurance-related access fees and commissions and sales of storage supplies which are recognized in the period earned.

Property tax expense is based on actual amounts billed, or estimates of anticipated bills or assessments that have not yet been received from the taxing authorities. Cost of operations, general and administrative expense, interest expense, and advertising expenditures are expensed as incurred.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company accounts for stock and stock options issued for services and compensation to employees under the fair value method. For non-employees, the fair market value of the Company's stock is measured on the date of stock issuance or the date an option/warrant is granted. The Company determines the fair market value of the options issued under the Black-Scholes Pricing Model. The Company follows the requirements of Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 718-10, "Compensation – Stock Compensation," which establishes accounting for equity instruments exchanged for employee services. Under the provisions of FASB ASC 718-10, share-based compensation cost is measured at the grant date, based on the fair value of the award, and is recognized as an expense over the requisite service period (generally the vesting period of the equity grant).

Income Taxes

The Company utilizes FASB ASC 740-10, "Income Taxes," which requires an asset and liability approach to financial accounting and reporting for income taxes. The difference between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities is determined annually. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are computed for those temporary differences that have future tax consequences using the current enacted tax laws and rates that apply to the periods in which they are expected to affect taxable income. In some situations, FASB ASC 740-10 permits the recognition of expected benefits of utilizing net operating loss and tax credit carryforwards. Valuation allowances are established based upon management's estimate, if necessary. Income tax expense (benefit) is the current tax payable or refund for the period plus or minus the net change in the deferred tax assets and liabilities.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Limitations

Fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time, based on relevant market information and information about the financial statements. These estimates are subjective in nature, involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment, and therefore cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect the estimates.

Subsequent Events Evaluation

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through February 16, 2017, which is the date these financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2. Investment in Security Land and Development Company Limited Partnership

In November 1994, the Company purchased, for \$350,000, a limited partnership interest in Security Land, which owns and operates an office complex. The Company has limited voting rights and is entitled to allocations of the profit and loss of Security Land and operating cash flow distributions, as amended (see below).

Security Land was organized to own and operate two buildings containing approximately 717,000 net rentable square feet consisting of a two-story office building and a connected six-story office tower. The buildings were purchased by Security Land in 1986 and are located on approximately 34.3 acres of land which is also owned by Security Land. The buildings have been occupied by the United States Social Security Administration's Office of Disability and International Operations for approximately 30 years under leases between the United States of America, acting by and through the General Services Administration ("GSA"). Effective November 1, 1994, Security Land and the GSA entered into a nine-year lease for 100% of the building. In March 2003, the General Services Administration agreed to extend the terms of the lease through October 31, 2018. Security Land has received an opinion of the Assistant General Counsel to the GSA that lease payments are not subject to annual appropriation by the United States Congress and the obligations to make such payments are unconditional general obligations of the United States Government.

In April 2003, the Company entered into an amendment to the Security Land partnership agreement. The amendment provides for the distribution of the net proceeds of a loan to Security Land to the Company and the non-Company partners on a 50/50 basis, provided that such allocation would result in a minimum distribution to the Company of \$39,000,000 (a "qualified financing"). This qualified financing was obtained in June 2003 (see below). The amendment also provides that, following the qualified financing, the Company will be entitled to (i) 95% of Security Land's distributions of cash flow until it has received \$2,000,000 of such distributions, and thereafter 50% of such distributions, and (ii) once it has received \$2,000,000 of cash flow distributions, it will receive an \$180,000 annual management fee from Security Land. The foregoing percentages are inclusive of the Company's interest as a limited partner in 1500 Woodlawn Limited Partnership, the general partner of Security Land.

The refinancing of Security Land's property at 1500 Woodlawn Drive, Woodlawn, Maryland closed on June 24, 2003. US SSA LLC (a single purpose entity owned by Security Land) borrowed \$98,500,000 through a public debt issue underwritten by CTL Capital, LLC. Proceeds of the refinancing were used to repay the outstanding balance of Security Land's 1994 indebtedness, to establish reserves to make capital improvements to the property, to provide reserves required by the new debt, to pay costs and expenses related to issuing the debt, to pay fees related to the lease extension with the GSA and the financing, and to make a distribution to the partners of Security Land. The debt is for a term of 15.3 years maturing October 31, 2018 at which time the loan will have been paid down to a balance of \$10,000,000.

Security Land also obtained residual value insurance for approximately \$10,000,000. The interest cost of the financing is 4.63%. The financing is non-recourse to the Company.

For the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, the Company's income from its equity investment in Security Land was \$1,850,599 and \$1,907,919, respectively. These funds, however, are principally committed to the amortization of the outstanding principal balance on Security Land's real estate mortgage. Security Land does not currently provide liquidity to the Company. However, in September 2015, Security Land remitted \$18,343 to the State of Maryland for Regency's allocable portion of non-resident partner withholding taxes, classified as a distribution from this investment to the Company.

Note 2. Investment in Security Land and Development Company Limited Partnership (continued)

Summarized financial information for Security Land is as follows as of June 30:

		2016		2015
Balance Sheet Data			_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	56,216	\$	417,572
Restricted cash		3,489,957		3,145,552
Real estate, net		8,738,402		11,219,195
Deferred charges, net		1,129,475		1,744,713
Receivables and other assets		1,244,609		1,140,285
Total Assets	\$	14,658,659	\$	17,667,317
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	-	\$	366,713
Project note payable		28,309,439		35,296,053
Accrued interest payable		61,962		68,151
Due to affiliate		240,017		-
Total Liabilities	-	28,611,418		35,730,917
Partners' capital (deficit):				
Total Partners' Capital (Deficit)		(13,952,759)		(18,063,600)
Total Liabilities and Partner's Capital (Deficit)	\$	14,658,659	\$	17,667,317
Statement of Operations Data				
For the six months ended June 30:				
Revenues	\$	6,935,877	\$	6,933,625
Expenses	φ	3,294,296	φ	3,231,708
-	-	3,641,581		3,701,917
Net income from operations Other expenses		(1,693,582)		(1,693,582)
Net income	\$	1,947,999		2,008,335
	Ψ =	1,7 11,777	- * -	2,000,000

Effective November 30, 2000 the Company invested \$10,000 for a 5% limited partnership interest in 1500 Woodlawn Limited Partnership, the general partner of Security Land. The Company recognized income of \$4,870 and \$5,021 for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, from this investment. In September 2015, Security Land remitted \$12,388 to the State of Maryland for Regency's allocable portion of non-resident partner withholding taxes, classified as a distribution from this investment to the Company.

Note 3. Investment in MESC Capital LLC

On April 30, 2004, the Company, through a newly-formed, wholly-owned subsidiary called Regency Power Corporation, a Delaware corporation, acquired a 50% membership interest in MESC Capital, a Delaware limited liability company, from DTE Mobile, LLC ("DTE Mobile"), pursuant to an Assignment and Assumption Agreement dated as of April 30, 2004. The purchase price for the 50% membership interest was \$3,000,000 and was funded from Regency's working capital. The terms of the Assignment and Assumption Agreement were negotiated on an arm's length basis between Regency and DTE Mobile. DTE Mobile, which is owned by an unregulated subsidiary of a large energy company that has significant experience in owning, managing and operating electric generation and on-site energy facilities, owns the other 50% membership interest in MESC Capital.

MESC Capital was formed to acquire all of the membership interests in Mobile Energy. Mobile Energy owns an on-site energy facility that supplies steam and electricity to a Kimberly-Clark tissue mill in Mobile, Alabama pursuant to an Amended and Restated Tissue Mill and Energy Services and Site Coordination Agreement that expires on or about April 30, 2019. The acquisition of Mobile Energy was also consummated on April 30, 2004 pursuant to a Membership Interest Purchase Agreement, dated as of January 30, 2004, between MESC Capital and Mobile Energy Services Holdings, Inc. The purchase price under the Membership Interest Purchase Agreement, after certain pre-closing adjustments, was \$33,600,000, and is subject to certain post-closing adjustments. The purchase price and working capital reserves were funded by the issuance of \$28,500,000 of non-recourse debt, a total equity contribution by MESC Capital of \$8,600,290, \$4,300,145 of which was funded by Regency Power and \$4,300,145 of which was funded by DTE Mobile, and a credit of \$1,000,000 on account of existing and continuing tax-exempt indebtedness of Mobile Energy. The terms of the Membership Interest Purchase Agreement were negotiated on an arms'-length basis between MESC Capital and Mobile Energy. The Company did not participate in negotiations with respect to the Membership Interest Purchase Agreement.

The \$28,500,000 acquisition indebtedness was obtained from Allied Irish Banks, P.L.C., which may assign or participate the loan in accordance with the terms of the loan agreement. The loan will be amortized over the fifteen-year term, and is currently held by Bank of America. In connection with the acquisition of the 50% membership interest in MESC Capital, Regency Power and DTE Mobile entered into an Operating Agreement, dated April 30, 2004, which sets forth their respective rights and obligations as members of MESC Capital as well as the duties and authority of DTE Mobile as the managing member of MESC Capital. Under the Operating Agreement, Regency Power will receive 50% of all distributions. Neither Regency Power nor DTE Mobile is obligated to contribute additional capital, or loan or otherwise advance funds, to MESC Capital, and neither member can sell or transfer its interest in MESC Capital without the consent of the other and without first complying with a right of first offer in favor of the non-selling member.

The Company accounts for the Investment in Partnerships using the equity method, whereby the carrying value of these investments are increased or decreased by the Company's allocable share of book income or loss. The Company recognized income of \$1,249,511 and \$580,815 for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, from this investment.

Note 3. Investment in MESC Capital LLC (continued)

Summarized financial information for MESC Capital LLC is as follows as of June 30:

		2016		2015
Balance Sheet Data	-		-	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	892,539	\$	1,827,044
Restricted cash		6,232,891		5,299,603
Trade receivable		3,067,175		3,064,318
Current portion of net investment in direct financing lease		2,569,549		2,374,119
Inventory		4,058,628		3,929,065
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	-	258,077	_	269,352
Total current assets		17,078,859		16,763,501
Debt issuance costs		100,891		174,973
Property, plant and equipment, net		15,803		23,610
Investment in direct financing lease, net of current portion		5,255,446		7,824,995
Total assets	\$	22,450,999	\$	24,787,079
	-	i	=	
Accounts payable	\$	853,287	\$	1,088,026
Accrued liabilities	Ψ	118,767	Ψ	114,241
Current portion of long-term debt		2,738,850		2,542,200
Total current liabilities	-	3,710,904	-	3,744,467
		5,710,701		3,711,107
Long-term debt, net of current portion		6,956,500		9,695,350
Total liabilities	-	10,667,404		13,439,817
Members' equity		11,783,595		11,347,262
Total liabilities and members' equity	\$	22,450,999	\$	24,787,079
Total haomaes and memoers equity	Ψ.	22,100,999	=	21,707,079
Statement of Operations Data				
For the six months ended June 30:				
Revenues	\$	7,884,950	\$	7,965,162
Expenses	-	5,385,929	_	6,803,532
Income from operations		2,499,021		1,161,630
Other income (expense)	-	-	_	-
Net income	\$	2,499,021	\$	1,161,630

Note 4. Self Storage Property Acquisitions and Dispositions

On April 6, 2016, the Company formed a new, wholly owned subsidiary called RSS Investments LLC ("RSS"), a Delaware limited liability company. On April 18, 2016, RSS entered into a joint-venture, acquiring 97% of the outstanding preferred shares and 80% of the outstanding common shares of SSCP Harrisburg Holdings, LLC ("Harrisburg Holdings"). Harrisburg Holdings is the sole member of SSCP Harrisburg Intermediate Holdings, LLC ("Intermediate Holdings"). Also on this date, Intermediate Holdings completed its acquisition of a portfolio of five stand-alone self-storage facilities in the Harrisburg, Pennsylvania vicinity, for a total purchase price of \$35 million. The facilities comprise approximately 330,000 square feet of net rentable space consisting of in excess of 2,500 climate and non-climate controlled storage units.

RSS funded the acquisition with proceeds from Regency's private stock offering (See Note 14) and Regency's working capital. The purchase price and related transaction expenses were financed with an \$11,230,744 acquisition cash capital contribution by RSS to its joint-venture purchaser and a \$25,250,000 non-recourse debt financing with a ten-year term, 4.95% fixed interest rate, and 30-year amortization commencing after a four-year interest only period. The joint-venture terms provide the Company with a 7.5% per annum preferred return on its initial capital contribution, and a 7.5% per annum preferred return to SSCP Management, LLC, the minority joint-venture partner, on its base contribution amount of \$350,000. After satisfaction of the preference amounts, 80% of surplus cash flow is allocated to the Company and 20% to SSCP Management, LLC. The facilities will be managed on a day-to-day basis by a newly-engaged third party property management company, who is an affiliate of SSCP Management, LLC.

Regency accounts for its Investment in Harrisburg Holdings on a consolidated basis, reflecting the minority joint-venture partner's equity and share of net income or loss within the noncontrolling interest accounts. The fair value of the purchase price has been allocated to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their estimated fair values. The following table summarizes the preliminary estimates of the fair value of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed in the acquisition and the resulting gain on acquisition.

	Preliminary Estimates of Acquisition Date Fair Value
Land	\$ 4,870,000
Building and improvements	30,193,771
Property, plant and equipment, net	35,063,771
Inventory	3,668
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	1,830
Assets acquired	35,069,269
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(58,973)
Tenant security deposits	(10,296)
Liabilities acquired	(69,269)
Net assets acquired over liabilities acquired	35,000,000
Total purchase price	\$ 35,000,000

Note 5. Serial Preferred Stock

At June 30, 2016 and 2015, the Company had 2,000,000 authorized shares of \$0.10 par value Series A preferred stock; none were issued or outstanding.

On October 19, 2009, the Company redeemed all outstanding shares of its 7% Cumulative Contingent Convertible, Junior Preferred Stock, \$10, Series D, \$0.10 par value, issued in 1992, ("the Series D Preferred Stock") for \$10.00 per share (\$256,940 in the aggregate for the 25,694 shares of Series D Preferred Stock outstanding). The redemption price was payable upon presentation and surrender by Series D preferred stockholders of their Series D preferred stock certificates in the manner provided in the notice of redemption. From and after the redemption effective date in 2009, the Series D Preferred Stock is no longer deemed to be outstanding, and all rights of the holders thereof as stockholders of the Company ceased. As of June 30, 2016 and 2015, the Company has paid \$256,940 and \$231,430, respectively, to stockholders for the redemptions. As of June 30, 2015, the Company owed \$25,510 to Series D Preferred stockholders who had not yet redeemed their shares. All redemption proceeds were paid in full as of December 31, 2015.

Note 6. Stock-Based Compensation

2003 Incentive Stock Plan

Effective as of March 17, 2003, the Company's Board of Directors and Stockholders approved and adopted the 2003 Stock Incentive Plan (the "2003 Plan"). The 2003 Plan allows the Administrator (as defined in the 2003 Plan), currently the Compensation Committee, to determine the issuance of incentive stock options, non-qualified stock options and restricted stock to eligible employees and outside directors and consultants of the Company. The Company has reserved 500,000 shares of common stock for issuance under the 2003 Plan. The exercise price of any option granted under the 2003 Plan is determined by the Administrator, and no option or award exercise date can exceed ten years from the grant date. On August 13, 2008, the Company's Board of Directors approved an amendment to the 2003 Plan that increased the total number of authorized shares available from 500,000 to 750,000. All other terms of the Plan remain in full force and effect.

In May 2016, the Company issued a 25,000 non-qualified common stock option award, exercisable at \$9.50 per share with a term of 10 years and which vest and become exercisable over a 5-year period, to a non-independent member of its Board of Directors, in conjunction with a consulting agreement entered into with him. Refer to Note 9, "Related Party Transactions" for additional information about this agreement.

In May 2016, the Compensation Committee authorized the issuance of 10,000 non-qualified common stock options, exercisable at \$9.50 per share, to its new Chief Financial Officer, under the 2003 Plan. The options granted have a term of 10 years and vest and become exercisable over a 5-year period.

Total compensation expense recorded within General and Administrative Expenses in the Consolidated Statements of Income during the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 for stock-based payment awards was \$2,925 and \$-0-, respectively. These amounts recognize the vested portion of the requisite grant terms. Future stock-based compensation for these option awards amount to \$113,827. The fair value of the stock options granted during 2016 is estimated as of the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option valuation model which requires highly subjective assumptions including the expected stock price volatility. The fair value of the Company's stock options was estimated using the following assumptions: 2.45% annual rate of quarterly dividends, U.S. Treasury 10-year risk free rate of 1.75%, expected average life of 10 years, and an expected stock price volatility of 40.87%.

Note 6. Stock Based Compensation (continued)

No options were granted during the six months ended June 30, 2015.

In March 2016, a corporate officer exercised 50,000 common stock options with a strike price of \$6.27 nearing expiration, on a cashless basis. Total common shares issued amounted to 20,952.

In April 2015, the Company received \$145,000 from the exercise of 50,000 common stock options due to expire in April 2019, at \$2.90, by an option holder.

As of June 30, 2016, 75,000 shares remain available for issuance under the 2003 Plan.

The following is a summary of the status of the Company's options for the six months ended June 30, 2015:

	-	Exercise Price Range	Options		Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life
Outstanding at 1/1/15	\$	2.60 - 6.50	255,000	\$	4.95	3.95
Issued		-	-		-	-
Exercised, forfeited or expired		2.90	50,000		2.90	-
Outstanding at 6/30/15	\$	2.60 - 6.50	205,000	\$	5.45	3.36
Vested and	=			= =		
Exercisable at 6/30/15	\$	2.60 - 6.50	205,000	\$	5.45	3.36

The following is a summary of the status of the Company's options for the six months ended June 30, 2016:

	-	Exercise Price Range	Options	 Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life
Outstanding at 1/1/16	\$	2.60 - 6.50	205,000	\$ 5.45	2.86
Issued		9.50	35,000	9.50	9.88
Exercised, forfeited or expired		6.27	50,000	6.27	-
Outstanding at 6/30/16	\$	2.60 - 9.50	190,000	\$ 5.98	4.43
Vested and	-				
Exercisable at 6/30/16	\$_	2.60 - 6.50	155,000	\$ 5.18	3.20

Note 7. Income Taxes

As referred to in Note 1, the Company accounts for income taxes under FASB ASC 740-10, "Income Taxes". The deferred taxes are the result of long-term temporary differences between financial reporting and tax reporting for depreciation, earnings from the Company's partnership investment in Security Land and the recognition of income tax carryforward items.

The Company files consolidated income tax returns with its wholly owned subsidiaries. As of December 31, 2013, for regular federal and state income tax purposes, the Company has utilized all of its net operating loss carryforwards (NOLs). The Company's 2014 tax return has recently been selected for examination by the Internal Revenue Service ("Service"), and there is no assurance that the Service would not attempt to limit the Company's use of its net operating loss carry forwards. The Company believes it is no longer subject to income tax examinations for years prior to 2013 by the respective taxing authorities. In addition, net operating losses arising from prior years are also subject to examination at the time that they are utilized in future years.

The Company and the general partner of Security Land are in disagreement as to the manner in which taxable income of Security Land is to be allocated pursuant to the partnership agreement and applicable law, and for years 2004 through 2015, the Company has reported taxable income (loss) from Security Land in a manner it believes is proper, but which was different than the manner reported by Security Land. An investigation or other action by the applicable tax authorities to resolve this difference could have an adverse impact on the Company's operations and financial results.

To safeguard itself from any possible negative impact, in February 2016, the Company purchased an insurance policy and binder to insure against the negative tax consequences should any arise from the disagreement with Security Land regarding reported taxable income allocations (See Notes 3 and 10). The Company paid \$633,900 for the policy and binder which provide coverage of up to \$10 million over the next seven years in the event the IRS or a state taxing authority were to investigate and reject the Company's tax positions taken. The policy is subject to certain limitations, exclusions and retentions.

For the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, the Company has recorded tax expense of \$126,816 and \$347,250, respectively, for regular Federal income taxes, and \$39,933 and \$25,080, respectively, for state income taxes. The Company's applicable statutory tax rates are 34% and 5.5% for federal and state tax purposes. The reconciliation of the statutory effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, are as follows:

	2016	 2015
Expense related to income before income taxes	\$ 898,439	\$ 657,172
State taxes, net of federal benefit	39,933	25,080
Permanent differences	(768,794)	(369,767)
Other	(42,762)	34,765
Total income tax (benefit)	\$ 126,816	\$ 347,250

Note 8. Employment Agreements

During 2016 and 2015, the Company maintains an employment agreement with its Chief Executive Officer, Laurence S. Levy, the 100% owner of Royalty Management, Inc. (Royalty Management), the entity that controls the Company's majority shareholder, Royalty Holdings, LLC (Royalty). Mr. Levy earns a base annual salary, SEP IRA contributions and expense reimbursements. The employment agreement with Mr. Levy has been continued subsequent to the balance sheet date.

The Company's Chief Financial Officer, Marc H. Baldinger, did not have an employment agreement with the Company. Mr. Baldinger earned a base salary, SEP IRA contributions and expense reimbursements. Effective March 2016, Mr. Baldinger resigned from this position.

Effective January 1, 2015, a 3% increase in base salaries for the Company's CEO and CFO was approved by the Board of Directors.

Effective January 1, 2016, a 3% increase in base salaries for all employees was approved by the Board of Directors.

Note 9. Related Party Transactions

Pursuant to a License Agreement entered into in March 2003, Royalty Management, Inc., which is whollyowned by Laurence Levy, the Company's CEO and President, provides New York City office space, office supplies and services to the Company for \$126,000 per year. This License Agreement was terminated effective September 30, 2015, at which time Regency began paying the monthly New York City office rent directly to the landlord. During the six months ended June 30, 2015, Regency expensed \$63,000 for this related party License Agreement.

Effective June 1, 2012, the Board of Directors authorized the Company to compensate each Board director an annual fee of \$20,000, payable \$5,000 quarterly, in arrears, for each fiscal quarter served. Subsequent annual 3% increases have been approved through 2016.

During the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, the Company incurred directors' fees of \$21,848 and \$10,606, respectively, for services rendered. As of June 30, 2016 and 2015, directors' fees of \$-0- and \$5,303, respectively, were outstanding.

During 2012, the Company entered into a month to month sub-lease rental agreement with an entity 100% owned by its CFO. Pursuant to the terms of the agreement, monthly sub-lease rental income to the Company was \$500, effective January 1, 2012. Sub-lease rental income from this related party was \$1,500 and \$3,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. In March 2016, the Company terminated the sub-lease rental agreement with the entity, at which time, management determined the \$21,000 outstanding receivable balance to be uncollectible and charged it to expense.

In May 2016, the Company entered into a consulting agreement with a non-independent member of its Board of Directors, to provide consulting, financial analyses, and due diligence services for any new potential investment available to the Company, and ongoing financial monitoring of existing investments. Terms of the agreement include an initial fee of \$7,500 and a fee of \$7,200 each month thereafter. In addition, the agreement called for a 25,000 non-qualified common stock option award, exercisable at \$9.50 per share with a term of 10 years and a vesting term of 5,000 options per year over a 5-year period. The Company may terminate the agreement at any time for cause; the consultant may terminate the agreement at will. The fair value of the options granted was \$83,400. The options were valued using the Black Scholes pricing model (See Note 6). The value of the vested portion of the requisite grant term amounted to \$2,100 for the period ended June 30, 2016. In addition, \$18,300 was paid to the consultant under this terms of the agreement through June 30, 2016.

Note 9. Related Party Transactions (continued)

Pursuant to the Property Management Agreement entered into with the SSCP Acquisition, SSCP must pay 5% of the monthly gross receipts as a management fee to an entity wholly-owned by the noncontrolling equity interest. The expense during the six months ended June 30, 2016 was \$27,330, of which \$10,932 is included in accounts payable and accrued expenses as of June 30, 2016.

Note 10. Contingencies, Risks and Uncertainties

The Company is subject to numerous contingencies, risks and uncertainties including, but not limited to, the following that could have a severe impact on the Company:

(i) A default in the Lease or sudden catastrophe to the Security West Building from uninsured acts of God or war could have a materially adverse impact upon the Company's investment in Security Land and Development Company Limited Partnership and, therefore, its financial position and results of operations (See Note 2).

(ii) The Company had significant tax loss and credit carryforwards and no assurance can be provided that the Internal Revenue Service would not attempt to limit or disallow altogether the Company's use, retroactively and/or prospectively, of such carryforwards, due to ownership changes or any other reason. The disallowance of the utilization of the Company's net operating losses would severely impact the Company's financial position and results of operations due to the significant amounts of taxable income (generated by the Company's investment in Security Land) that has in the past been offset by the Company's net operating loss carryforwards (See Note 7).

(iii) Royalty, an affiliate of the company's management, beneficially owns approximately 60% of the Company's common stock. As a result, Royalty has the ability to control the outcome of all matters requiring shareholder approval, including the election and removal of directors and any merger, consolidation or sale of all or substantially all of the Company's assets.

(iv) There are many public and private companies that are also searching for operating businesses and other business opportunities as potential acquisition or merger candidates. The Company will be in direct competition with these other companies in its search for business opportunities. Many of these entities have significantly greater financial and personnel resources than the Company.

(v) The Company and the general partner of Security Land are in disagreement as to the manner in which taxable income of Security Land is to be allocated pursuant to the partnership agreement and applicable law, and for years 2004 through 2015, the Company reported taxable income (loss) from Security Land in a manner the Company believes is proper, but which was different than the manner reported by Security Land (See Note 7). This may result in an investigation or other action by the applicable tax authorities and any action taken by tax authorities to resolve this difference could have an adverse impact on the Company's operations and financial results. In February 2016, the Company obtained an insurance policy to protect against such losses, however, it may not be sufficient under all circumstances to cover all potential losses to the Company in the event of any such adverse determinations.

Note 11. Lease Commitments

In January 2012, Regency's Florida office relocated and entered into a new, four-year lease agreement, for a 1,365 square foot space. Minimum lease payments under this agreement were \$26,754 per year. A rent concession had been granted to waive the first and last five months' rent, provided the lease terms have not been breached. As a result, minimum lease payments for each year 1 and 4 amounted to \$15,607 and for years 2 and 3, \$26,754. In addition, the Company was responsible to pay the tenant's share of operating expenses that are estimated to be \$6.50 per square foot on an annualized basis.

In September 2015, the Florida office lease was extended for an additional five years. Per the terms of this First Lease Amendment, base rental payments of \$26,754, remain the same for 2016, until January 2017 through December 2020, at which time annual base rental payments will increase by the prior year's Consumer Price Index percentage adjustments.

In April 2016, the Board of Directors concluded it would be cost-effective to close the Florida office location. Management began negotiations with the landlord for an early release of the office lease term. A settlement of \$7,716, plus loss of its \$2,500 security deposit held by the landlord, was entered into effective October 1, 2016, thereby releasing Regency from any remaining lease obligations or claims for the Florida location.

Rent expense was \$14,180 and \$11,226 for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, for the Florida office location.

In addition, as discussed in Note 9, during 2012, the Company entered into a month to month sub-lease rental agreement with an entity 100% owned by its CFO. Pursuant to the terms of the agreement, monthly sub-lease rental income to the Company will be \$500, effective January 1, 2012. Sub-lease rental income from this related party was \$1,500 and \$3,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015. In March 2016, the Company terminated the sub-lease rental agreement with the entity, at which time, management determined the \$21,000 outstanding receivable balance to be uncollectible and charged it to expense.

In January 2016, Regency paid a \$201,329 security deposit and entered into a new, seven-year office lease agreement, for a 4,081 square foot space for its New York City location. Base rental payments under this agreement are \$74 per square foot per year, with a 1.75% fixed annual escalation. In addition, the Company is responsible to pay the tenant's share of real estate tax increases above the 2016/2017 base year and electricity usage. A rent concession has been granted to waive the first three months' rent. On the third anniversary of rent commencement, and provided the Company is not in default of any rental obligations, the landlord agrees to reduce the security deposit to six months' base rent, or approximately \$151,000. The lease also contains an early termination clause which is effective after five years, with proper notice and payment of an early termination fee. The office relocated in May 2016, the first month of the lease term. Rent expense for this location for the six months ended June 30, 2016 was \$48,535.

As of June 30, 2016, future minimum payments under this operating lease are as follows:

For the Year Ended	
2016 (remainder of year)	\$ 153,766
2017	307,532
2018	307,532
2019	307,532
2020	307,532
Thereafter	717,574
Total	\$ 2,101,467

Note 12. License Agreement

In May 2016, a new License Agreement commenced with an unrelated entity which provides the use of leased space within the Company's New York City office, for \$8,833 per month, plus monthly office service fees, through June 2017. Annual one-year renewal periods are available, with license and service fee increases of 2.25% and 2.5%, respectively, until the expiration of the office Lease.

License fee income and related service fees for the period ended June 30, 2016 amounted to \$26,523. There is \$6,084 of prepaid rent relating to this license agreement included in deferred revenue on the consolidated balance sheet.

Note 13. Simplified Employee Pension – Individual Retirement Account (SEP-IRA)

The Company adopted a SEP-IRA Plan in 2004. During the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, the Company expensed contributions of \$97,588 and \$72,293, respectively, to the SEP-IRA Plan. The SEP-IRA Plan covers all employees who receive compensation from the Company during the year. Employer contributions are discretionary and determined annually. In addition, the SEP-IRA Plan allows participants to make elective deferral contributions through payroll deductions.

Note 14. Private Offering of Common Stock

On March 16, 2016, the Company commenced a private stock offering of up to 1,212,121 shares of common stock at a purchase price of \$8.25 per share, to its shareholders of record as of January 22, 2016, who are accredited investors as defined in Rule 501 of Regulation D under the Securities Act of 1933. The offering, originally set to expire on April 7, 2016, was extended to May 12, 2016. At the close of the offering, 1,078,633 common shares were sold for total gross proceeds raised of \$8,898,722. These funds were used in the Harrisburg Holdings acquisition (See Note 4).

Note 15. Dividends

In September 2013, the Board of Directors adopted a Dividend Policy whereby the Board expects to declare a total annual dividend to common shareholders of \$0.20 per share, to be paid in equal, quarterly installments of \$0.05 per share, provided that the determination to pay any cash dividends for any quarterly period will be made at the applicable time by the Board, in the Board's sole discretion, in compliance with the requirements of applicable law, and with consideration of the Company's future earnings and financial condition and other factors as may be deemed appropriate for consideration by the Board. In September 2014, the Board amended the Policy and increased the total annual dividend to common shareholders to \$0.22 per share, to be paid in equal, quarterly installments of \$0.055 per share. In September 2015, the Board again amended the Policy and increased the total annual dividend to common shareholders to \$0.235 per share, to be paid in equal, quarterly installments of \$0.05875 per share. The Dividend Policy will remain in effect until the Board determines, in its sole discretion, that it is in the best interests of the Company and its common shareholders to terminate the Dividend Policy.

Dividends have been declared and paid quarterly pursuant to the above from September 2013 through December 2016 (See Note 17).

In June 2016, the Board of Directors declared a quarterly \$0.05875 per share of issued and outstanding common stock cash dividend to holders of record as of the close of trading on June 30, 2016, payable on July 7, 2016. The total dividend of \$280,716 was paid from surplus earnings of the Company in July 2016.

In June 2015, the Board of Directors declared a quarterly \$0.055 per share of issued and outstanding common stock cash dividend to holders of record as of the close of trading on June 30, 2015, payable on July 7, 2015. The total dividend of \$202,321 was paid from surplus earnings of the Company in July 2015.

Note 16. Mortgage Note Payable

As noted in Note 4, on April 18, 2016, the Company issued a \$25,250,000 note to fund the acquisition of SSCP. The note is a non-recourse debt financing with a ten-year term, 4.95% fixed interest rate, and has a maturity date of May 6, 2026. The note is guaranteed by the owners of the noncontrolling interest and is secured by all assets of Harrisburg Holdings. The net book value of these assets at June 30, 2016 was \$35,793,293. The only amount due during the first four years of the note is interest.

Under the terms of this agreement Harrisburg Holdings is required to meet and maintain certain financial covenants. The covenant for the period ended June 30, 2016 is:

Minimum Debt Service Coverage Ratio	1.45 to 1.00
Actual Debt Service Coverage Ratio	1.78 to 1.00

Future payments due under the note are as follows for the year ended December 31:

2016 (remainder of year)	\$ -
2017	-
2018	-
2019	-
2020	248,531
Thereafter	25,001,469
Total	\$ 25,250,000

Note 17. Subsequent Events

Pursuant to settlement negotiations with the Florida landlord for early release of the office lease term, in September 2016, the Company paid \$7,716, plus forfeited its \$2,500 security deposit held by the landlord. Effective October 1, 2016, the Company was released from any remaining lease obligations or claims for the Florida location.

In June 2016, the Board of Directors declared a quarterly \$0.05875 per share of issued and outstanding common stock cash dividend to holders of record as of the close of trading on June 30, 2016, totaling \$280,716, payable on July 7, 2016. The dividend was paid in July 2016.

In September 2016, the Board of Directors amended its Dividend Policy to increase the total annual dividend to common shareholders by 3.8%, or \$0.244 per common share. At the same time, the Board declared a quarterly \$0.061 per share of issued and outstanding common stock cash dividend to holders of record as of the close of trading on September 30, 2016, totaling \$291,467, payable on October 7, 2016. The dividend was paid in October 2016.

In December 2016, the Board of Directors declared a quarterly \$0.061 per share of issued and outstanding common stock cash dividend to holders of record as of the close of trading on December 30, 2016, totaling \$280,716, payable on January 6, 2017. The dividend was paid on January 6, 2017.

In September 2016, the Company received an Internal Revenue Service letter indicating its 2014 Federal Form 1120 was selected for examination. Management has recently submitted the initial documentation requested.

Subsequent to June 30, 2016 through the date of this report, the Company received \$2,350,000 in distributions from its investment in MESC.